

2.8 - Combining Functions; Composite Functions.

• Let f be a function, given by the rule
 $f(x) = x^2 + 1$.

Let g be a function, given by the rule
 $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$.

Then:

$$(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x) = x^2 + 1 + \sqrt{x}$$

$$(f - g)(x) = f(x) - g(x) = x^2 + 1 - \sqrt{x}$$

$$(fg)(x) = f(x) \cdot g(x) = (x^2 + 1)(\sqrt{x})$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{x^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

Domains:

$$(f + g)(x) = x^2 + 1 + \sqrt{x}$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow [0, \infty)$$

$$(f - g)(x) = x^2 + 1 - \sqrt{x}$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow [0, \infty)$$

$$(fg)(x) = (x^2 + 1)(\sqrt{x})$$

$$= (x^2 + 1)(x^{1/2})$$

$$= x^2 \cdot x^{1/2} + x^{1/2}$$

$$= x^{5/2} + x^{1/2}$$

$$= (\sqrt{x})^5 + \sqrt{x}$$

$$x \geq 0 \Rightarrow [0, \infty)$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} x \geq 0, [0, \infty)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sqrt{x} \neq 0, \text{ so } x \neq 0.$$

$$\implies (0, \infty)$$

• Let $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8$

$$g(x) = x - 2$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 8}{x - 2} = \frac{(x-2)(x-4)}{x-2}$$

$$= x - 4, \quad x \neq 2.$$

Domain: $x \neq 2$



$$(-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

Composite Functions

- Plug one function into another

Ex: $\textcircled{1} f(x) = x^2 - 2$

$$g(x) = x + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} (f \circ g)(x) &= f(g(x)) = f(x+1) \\ &= (x+1)^2 - 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) f(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = \underbrace{f(g(x))}_{\text{"f of g of x"}} = f(\sqrt{x}) = (\sqrt{x})^2 + 1 = x + 1$$

Domain of $f \circ g$:

- Domain of $x+1$ is $(-\infty, \infty)$
- But the domain of $f \circ g$ is:

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{The domain of } x+1) \cap (\text{The domain of } g) \\ & (-\infty, \infty) \cap [0, \infty) \\ & [0, \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x)) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Domain of $g \circ f$:

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{The domain of } \sqrt{x^2+1}) \cap (\text{The domain of } f(x)=x^2+1) \\ & (-\infty, \infty) \cap (-\infty, \infty) \\ & (-\infty, \infty) \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + 1 \geq 0$$

$$x^2 \geq -1$$

always true

$$(3) f(x) = x^2 - 4$$

$$g(x) = x^2 - 6x + 8.$$

Find $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$, and their domains.

$$(f \circ g)(x) = (x^2 - 6x + 8)^2 - 4 \quad | \quad (g \circ f)(x) = (x^2 - 4)^2 - 6(x^2 - 4) + 8$$

$$\underline{\text{Domain}}: (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$\underline{\text{Domain}}: (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$(4) f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) \\ = \frac{(\sqrt{x})^2 + 1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{x + 1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

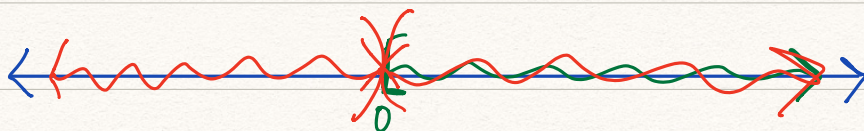
$$\sqrt{x} = 0 \\ x = 0$$

$$\underline{\text{Domain}}: [0, \infty)$$

↑
domain of g

$$\cap \left((-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) \right)$$

↑
domain of $\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x}}$



$$\underline{\text{Domain}}: (0, \infty)$$